# Modern Methods of Assessing the Effectiveness of the Court

Wednesday, April 2, 2025

- 1 Best Practices for Optimizing Case Processing
- 2 Measuring the speed and quality of case handling (clearance rate)
- 3 Data-driven insights and analysis for improving case management
- 4 Role of digital tools and software in case management









Modern Methods of Assessing the Effectiveness of the Judicial Body

# 3 – Data Driven Insights and Analysis

- Statistical information and balanced workload
- Performance measures for a court
- Performance measures for each case

### **Data Definitions**

### **Principle**

The court system and each judge and clerk/registrar must agree on what is being counted.

- Standards
- Fairness
- Balanced workload
- Accountability





#### **Data Definitions**

#### **Criminal Case**

A criminal case is generally initiated by a complaint, an information, or indictment. Count the defendant and all charges involved in a single incident as a single case. If the charging document contains multiple defendants involved in a single incident, count each defendant as a single case.

### **Civil and Family Cases**

A petition or civil complaint begins a civil or family case in most trial courts. A civil case with multiple parties or multiple causes of action are counted as one case. A family case involves actions (disputes) between family members.

National Open Court Data Standards, National Center for State Courts, U.S.

#### **Data Definitions**

#### New filings – Start of a case

- Criminal case filing Complaint, information, or indictment
- Civil and family case filing Petition or civil complaint

#### New terminations – End of a case

- Criminal case terminations Withdrawal, dismissal, settlement, judgment or ruling
- Civil and family case terminations Withdrawal, dismissal, settlement, judgment or decree

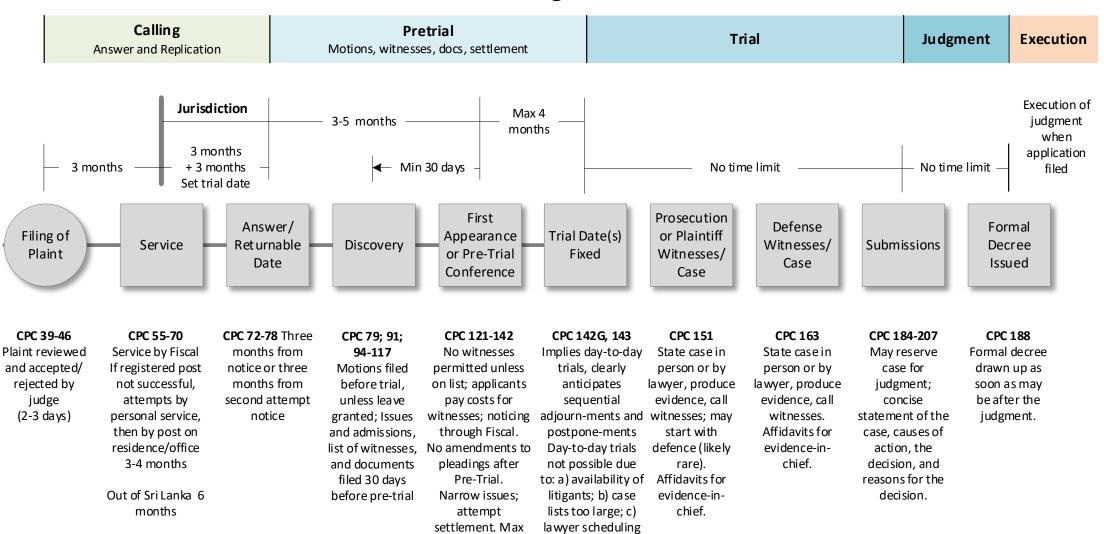
#### **Reopened cases – Counted separately**

- Enforcement actions (violations of probation, sanctions, garnishments, fines)
- Modifications of judgment (modifications, corrections)
- Appeal remands (appeals of final orders only)

National Open Court Data Standards, National Center for State Courts, U.S.

#### **Data Definitions**

#### **Sri Lanka District Court Civil Case Processing**



conflicts.

time 3-4 mos. May

#### **Balanced Workload**

### Judge (and Lawyer) Workloads

- A count of the number of cases filed and dispositions at a court
- A count of the number of cases assigned to each judge
- A count of the number of dispositions by judge
- By case type (categorized by complexity and time needed)
- By year or other time period

### **Balanced Workload**

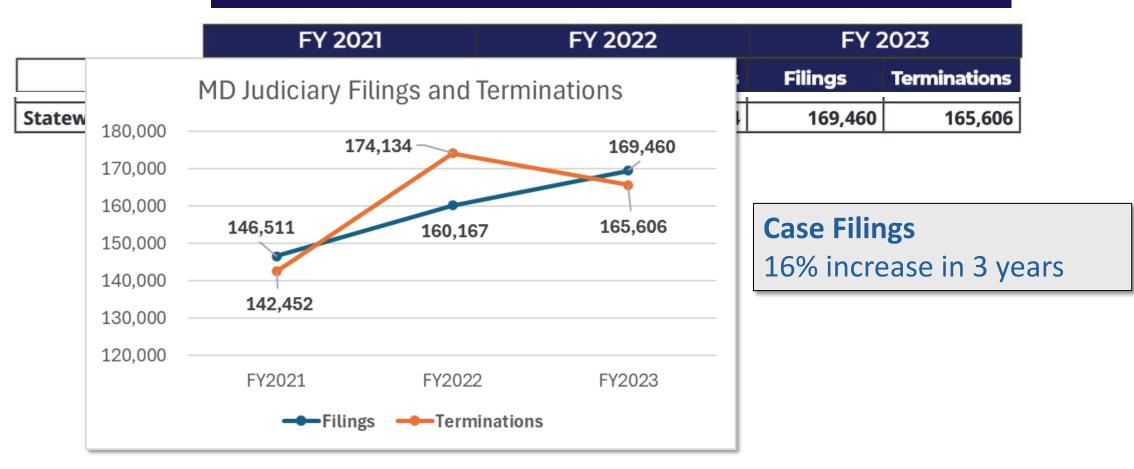
### Maryland Judiciary, U.S. – 8 Circuits / 24 Circuit Courts

Fiscal Year 2023	Total Filings	Total Terminations
Total Civil General	43,670	40,317
Total Civil Family	73,968	73,747
Total Juvenile	8,009	7,139
Total Criminal	43,813	44,403
Total	169,460	165,606

**Clearance rate** = 165,606/169,460 = **97.7%** 

#### **Balanced Workload**

#### Maryland Judiciary, U.S. – 8 Circuits / 24 Circuit Courts



#### **Balanced Workload**

#### **Judge (and Lawyer) Workloads**

Case types weighted by complexity and time

- Small Claims Civil = 1.0
- Contested Divorce = 4.0 weighted
- Simple Infraction = 1.0
- Serious Criminal = 4.0 weighted

**Judge A** assignments / year = 200 small claims + 100 divorce = 600 points

**Judge B** assignments / year = 400 infractions + 50 serious criminal = 600 points

### **Balanced Workload**

Division/ Docket		ck 1 e Traffic	Tracks Traffic A Misden			ck 4 UI
Sens - Division A	11%	11%	19%	13%	11%	11%
Jones - Division B	14%	14%	16%	17%	15%	14%
Shea - Division D	14%	14%	16%	17%	15%	14%
Early - Division E	11%	11%	13%	13%	11%	11%
Landry - Division F	11%	11%	19%	13%	11%	11%
Jupiter - Division G	11%	11%	13%	13%	11%	11%
Cade - Division H	27%	27%	4%	7%	26%	27%
Subtotal Judges	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

# Assessing the Effectiveness of the Court

1	Clearance Rate	CourTools, IFCE, CEPEJ	
2	Time Standards	Model Time Standards, NCSC	
3	Time to Disposition/Efficiency	CourTools, IFCE / CEPEJ	
4	Duration of Pretrial Custody	IFCE	
5	Case Backlog	IFCE	
6	Trial Date Certainty	CourTools, IFCE	
7	Cost Per Case	CourTools, IFCE	
8	Court User Satisfaction (Survey)	CourTools, IFCE	

#### Time Standards

#### Time Standards – U.S. Trial Courts

The percentage of cases disposed or otherwise resolved within established time frames.

CourTools, NCSC

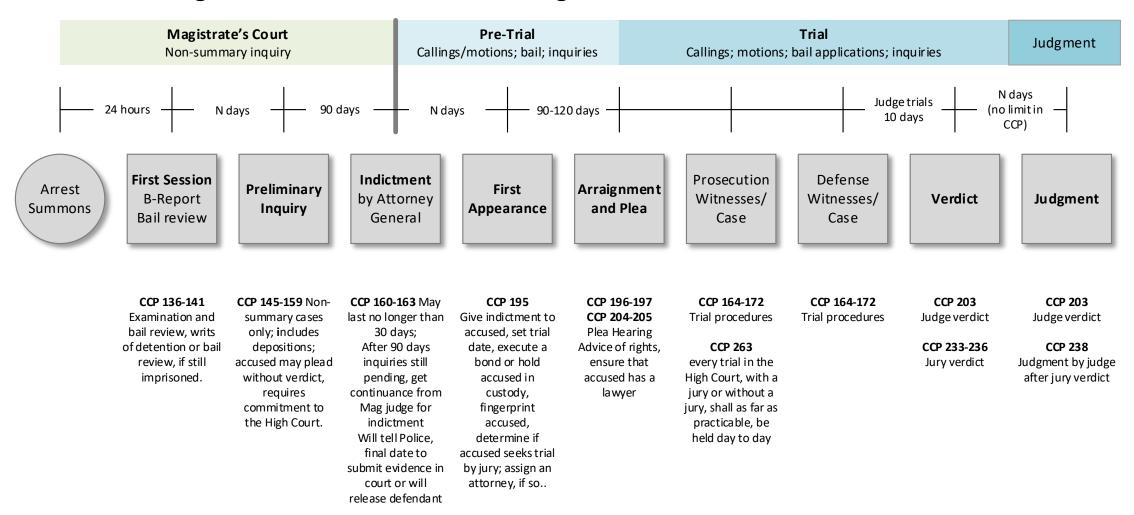
#### Median Case Time – CEPEJ

The comparison of median time to disposition with a European standard average.

European Commission for the Efficiency of Justice

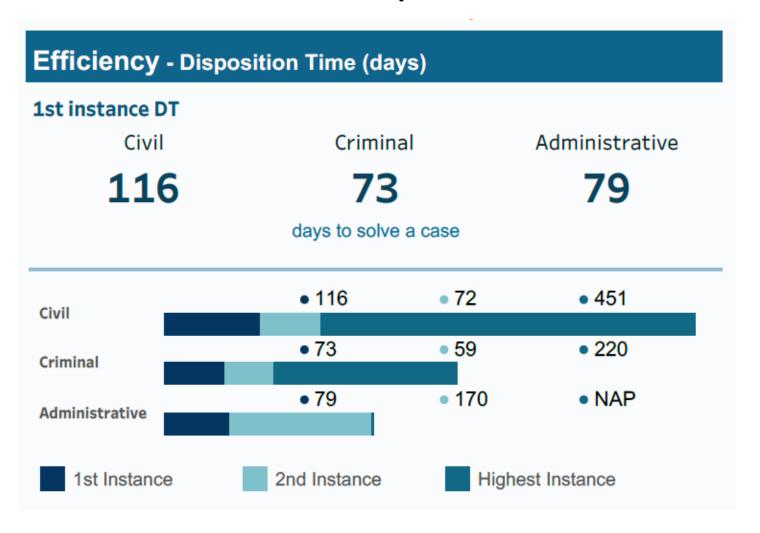
#### **Time Standards**

#### **Sri Lanka High Court Criminal Case Processing**



#### Time Standards

#### **Lithuania Median Time to Disposition – CEPEJ**



### **Europe Median**

Civil 239 days
Criminal 133 days
Admin 292 days

### Time Standards

### **Sri Lanka High Court Criminal Time Standards**

Track	Case Type	Time Standard
Track Ia Track Ib	Bail Applications Writ Applications	Bail 6 months 90% Writ 18 months 98%
Track 2	Magistrate Court and Labour Tribunal Appeals and Revisions	18 months 98%
Track 3	Simple Criminal Cases	18 months 98%
Track 4	Complex Criminal Cases	2 years
Backlog	Cases currently in trial (45 cases >6 years)  Cases >2 years (mostly in trial)*	See procedure below**

### **Duration of Pretrial Custody**

#### **Pretrial custody – International Framework for Court Excellence**

The average elapsed time criminal defendants who have not been convicted of crime are detained awaiting trial.

Global Measures of Court Performance, IFCE

#### Average Duration of Pre-Trial Custody = A/B

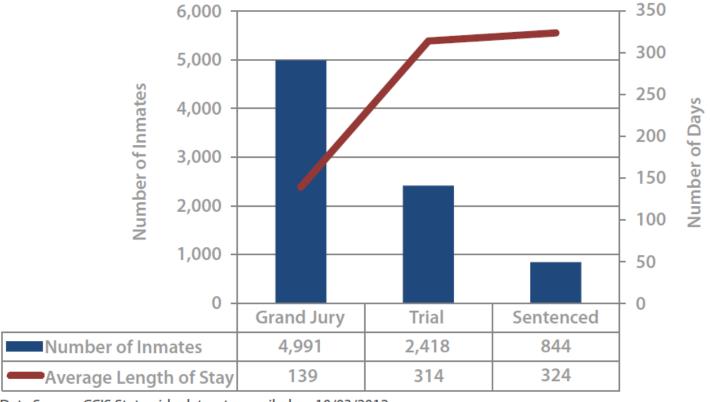
A = Total number of elapsed days spent by criminal defendants in pre-trial custody within a specified time period (e.g., year)

B = Total number of pre-trial criminal defendants

### **Duration of Pretrial Custody**

### New Jersey, U.S. Pretrial custody – Average length of stay in jail 2017

Figure 5. Superior Court Pretrial - Court Processing Stages



Data Source: CCIS Statewide dataset compiled on 10/03/2012

### Case Backlog

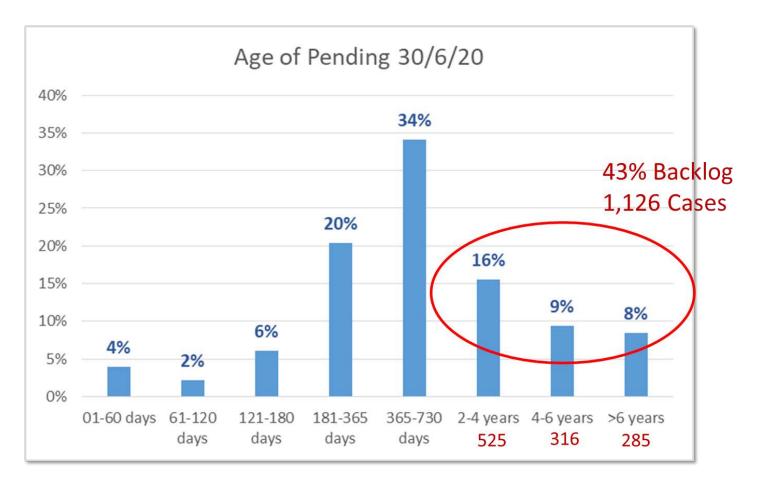
#### **Case backlog – International Framework for Court Excellence**

The proportion of cases in a court's inventory of pending unresolved cases that have exceeded established timeframes or time standards - the proportion of pending cases that already have taken too long.

Global Measures of Court Performance, IFCE

### Case Backlog

### **Sri Lanka Commercial High Courts**



**Efficient and Effective Justice** – The Justice Management Institute

### **Trial Date Certainty**

#### **Trial date certainty – International Framework for Court Excellence**

The certainty with which important case processing events occur when scheduled, expressed as a proportion of trials that are held when first scheduled.

Global Measures of Court Performance, IFCE

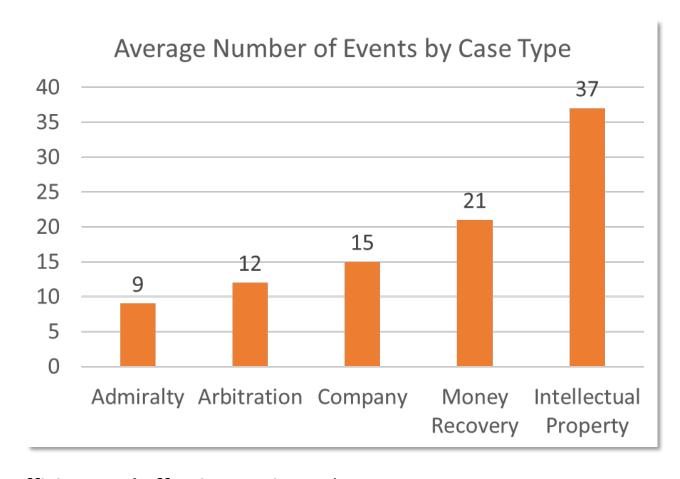
#### Trial date certainty – U.S. Courts

The number of times cases disposed by trial are scheduled for trial.

CourTools, NCSC

### Trial Date Certainty

### **Sri Lanka Commercial High Courts**



**Efficient and Effective Justice** – The Justice Management Institute

### Cost per Case

### **Cost per case – International Framework for Court Excellence**

The average cost of resolving a single court case, disaggregated by level and location of court, and by case type.

Global Measures of Court Performance, IFCE

### Cost per case – U.S. Courts

The average cost of processing a single case, by case type.

CourTools, NCSC

### Cost per Case

### **Sri Lanka Commercial High Courts**

Estimated
Range of
Litigant's Costs
for Lawyers Per
Case

Case Type	Avg Events Per Case	Lower Cost Per Litigant	Upper Cost Per Litigant
Admiralty	9	LKR 810,000	LKR 2,700,000
Arbitration Cases	12	LKR 1,080,000	LKR 3,600,000
Company	15	LKR 1,350,000	LKR 4,500,000
Money Recovery	21	LKR 1,890,000	LKR 6,300,000
Intellectual Property	37	LKR 3,330,000	LKR 11,100,000

\$2.7k - \$9.0k

\$11.1k - \$37.0k

#### **Court User Satisfaction**

#### **Court user satisfaction – International Framework for Court Excellence**

The percent of court users who believe that the court provides procedural justice, i.e., accessible, fair, accurate, timely, knowledgeable, and courteous judicial services.

Global Measures of Court Performance, IFCE

#### Access and fairness – U.S. Courts

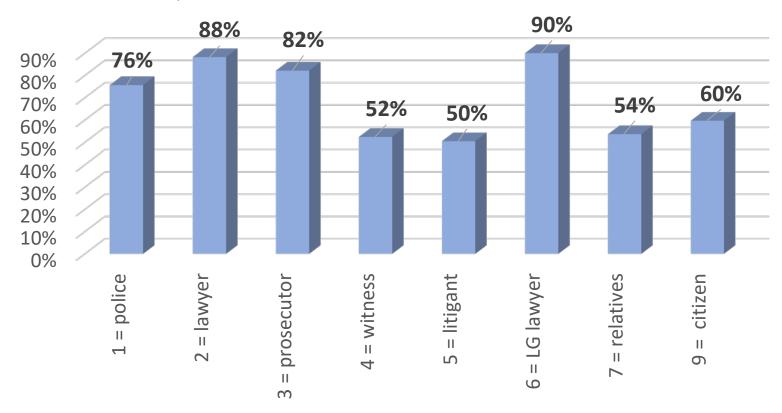
Ratings of court users on the court's accessibility and its treatment of customers in terms of fairness, equality, and respect.

CourTools, NCSC

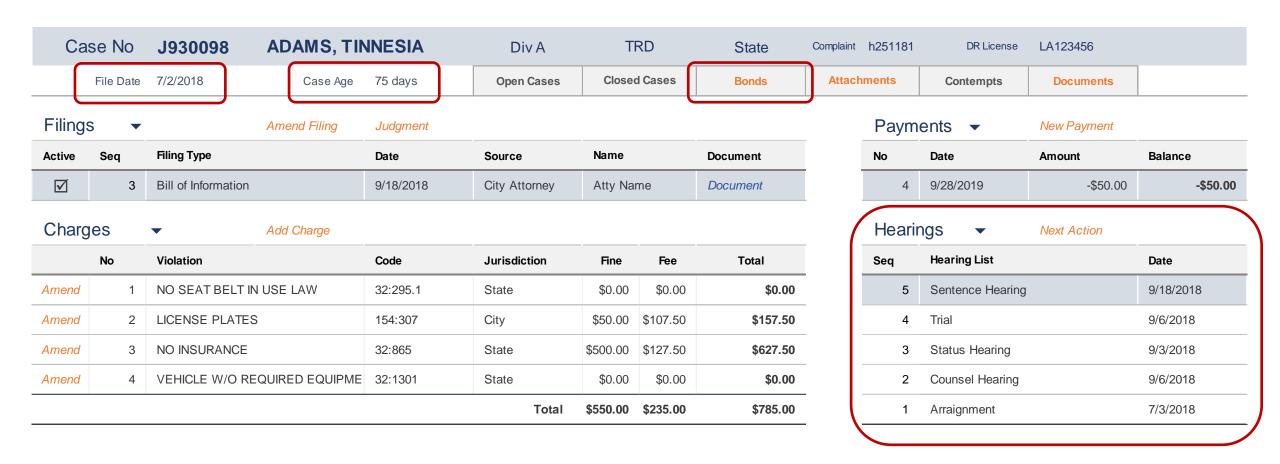
#### **Court User Satisfaction**

#### **Myanmar Courts (pre-coup)**

#### Q7. understand the instructions of the court



#### For Each Case



## **Data and Information**

### **Expression**

- How are data and information presented?
- How are data and information used?

We will see this explained further in Vaida's presentation next...